

4Q-2024 PRELIMINARY FINANCIAL RESULTS 14th February 2025

INTERPUMP GROUP

INDEX

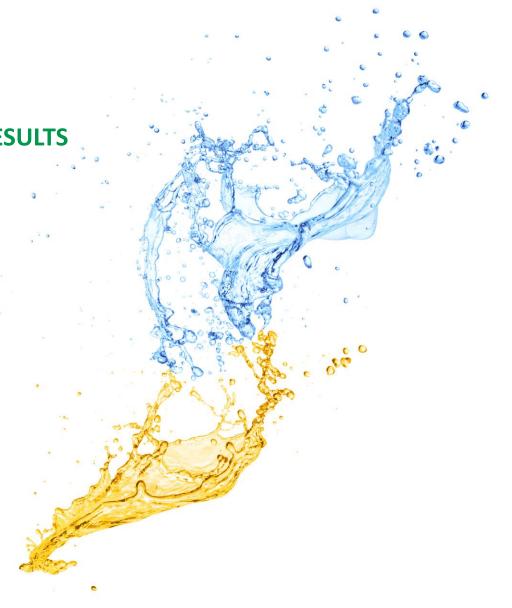
KEY HIGHLIGHTS

4Q-2024 PRELIMINARY FINANCIAL RESULTS

GROUP SUSTAINABILITY PATH

OUTLOOK

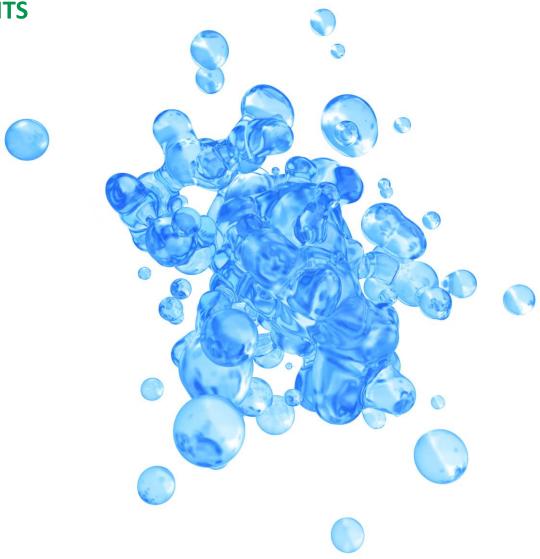
ANNEX







KEY HIGHLIGHTS

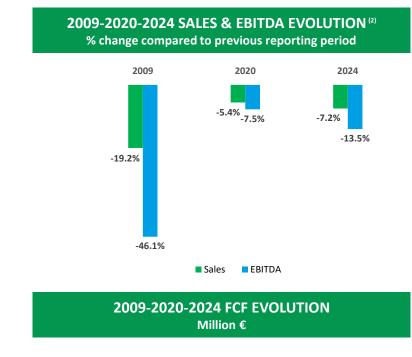


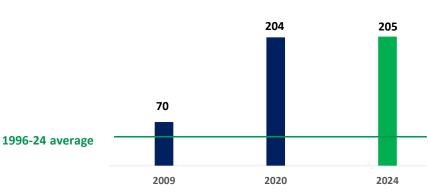


4Q-2024 RESULTS

A DELIVERING GROUP – TOP LEVEL CASH GENERATION

- Margin protection and cash improvement delivered in the 2nd worst year of Group history in terms of sales (1)
 - Margin protection delivered
 - Profitability resilience confirmed
 - Cash flow improvement delivered
 - Top level cash generation
- Important steps to support Group's future growth
 - US\$300m Private Shelf agreement (3)
 - Acquisitions delivered Group growth strategy
 - 2023-2025 ESG Journey: conclusion of "foundation" phase
- 2025 financial expectations
 - Sales: between -5% and +1% on organic basis
 - Profitability: to protect of 2024 results
 - Cash flow: to maintain and even to improve 2024 achievement



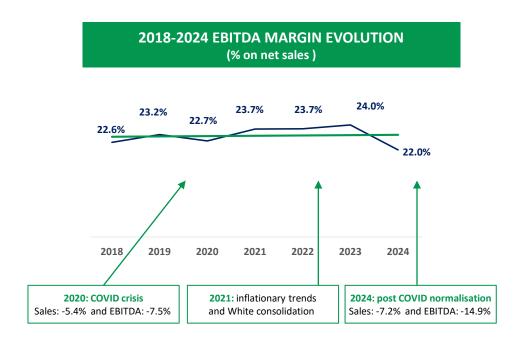


⁽¹⁾ Excluding 2005 with disposal of IP Cleaning (€ 293m) - (2) 2023 EBITDA net of € 9m insurance reimbursement correlated to IMM Romania fire - (3) €100 single tranche issued (4) S. 1 e G.5 actions data will be disclosed in March 2025, after having collected and processed all the data required for the annual financial and non-financial reporting



A DELIVERING GROUP – PROFITABILITY RESILIENCE

- - 2024 EBITDA: profitability resilience confirmed
 - Capability to match extraordinary market swings and acquisitions dilution impact
 - Complementary nature of two divisions
 - Increased diversification by division, geography, product and market application
 - Business model and cost structure flexibility
 - Integration capability

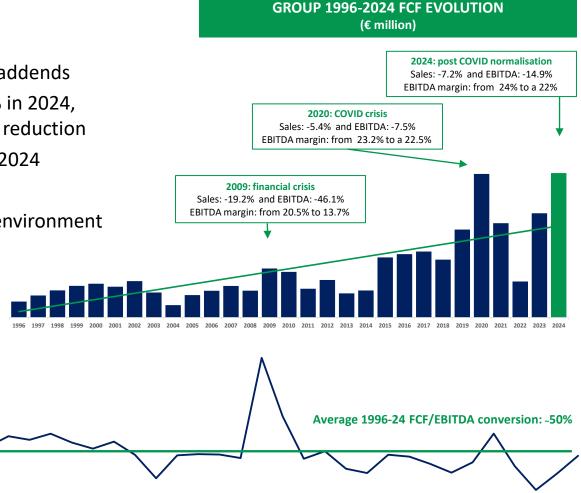




4Q-2024 RESULTS

A DELIVERING GROUP – TOP LEVEL CASH GENERATION

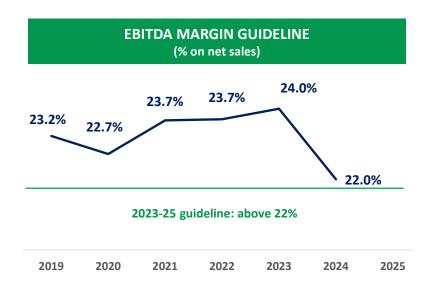
- 2024 FCF: top level cash generation
- Slightly better than 2020 despite worst addends
 - Organic sales: -12.6% in 2020 and -9% in 2024,
 theoretically lower benefit from sales reduction
 - CAPEX: € 61m in 2020 and € 128m in 2024
- Capability to exploit cash in worsening environment
 - EBITDA resilience
 - TWC proactive management
 - Customer quality
 - Tactical supply chain approach
 - Inventories fast adaptation capability
 - CAPEX flexibility



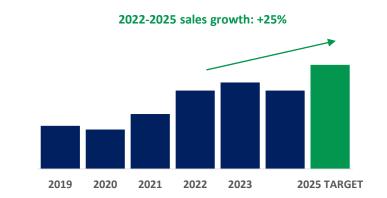
1996 1997 1998 1999 2000 2001 2002 2003 2004 2005 2006 2007 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 2021 2022 2023 2024

A DELIVERING GROUP

- 2023-25 commitments, 1 target with 2 guidelines
- One target: sales
 - around 25% of total growth⁽²⁾
- Two guidelines: profitability and leverage
 - Profitability: above 22% EBITDA margin including possible M&A temporary dilution effect
 - Leverage⁽³⁾: between 1.0x and 1.5x

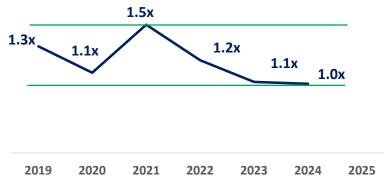


2023-25 GROUP EXPECTED SALES EVOLUTION (1)



LEVERAGE RATIO GUIDELINE









KEY HIGHLIGHTS





2024

- Sales: normalisation in Hydraulics much heavier than expected
- Profitability: diversification, business model flexibility and integration capability allowed to minimise negative flow through
- NFP: execution of FCF commitment drove leverage to 1x

Million €
Group Sales Growth, of which Organic Perimeter change (1) FX impact
EBITDA ⁽²⁾ Growth % on net sales
Net Income
NED (3)

4QUARTER				
2023	2024			
519.6	489.9 - 5.7% -7.8% 0.0% +2.1%			
111.1 21.4%	93.1 -16.2% <i>19.0%</i>			
37.0	48.1			

FULL YEAR		
	2023	2024
	2,240.0	2,078.4 - 7.2 %
		-9.0% +1.9% -0.2%
	536.7	456.6
	24.0%	-14.9% 22.0%
	277.7	228.5
	486.5	409.0

^{(1) 2024} perimeter change: Mouldtech (consolidated from April 2023), I.Mec and and Waikato (consolidated since June 2023), PP China, YRP Flow Technologies (consolidated since April), Alltube (consolidated since May), Alfa Valvole (consolidated since June), H.S. (consolidate since July) and Hidrover (consolidated since December)
(2) Excluding € 67.1m and € 81.2m of subsidiaries purchase commitments in 2024 and 2023 respectively



DIVISIONS – COMPLETELY DIFFERENT EVOLUTION

- Hydraulics
 - Sales: normalisation much heavier than expected
 - Profitability: margin protection effective for the most part of the year
- Water-Jetting
 - Sales: post COVID recovery going on
 - Profitability: improved capability to manage production inefficiencies

		4QUARTER	
	Million €	2023	2024
JLICS	SALES Growth	365.7	316.5 - 13.5 %
HYDRAULICS	EBITDA Growth % on net sales (1)	70.4 19.2%	48.4 -31.3% 15.2%
9 NIL	SALES Growth	153.9	173.4 +12.7 %
rom 26.2% to 26.0% ccluding acquisitions	EBITDA Growth	40.6	44.8 +10.1%
scluding acquisitions	% on net sales	26.2%	25.7%

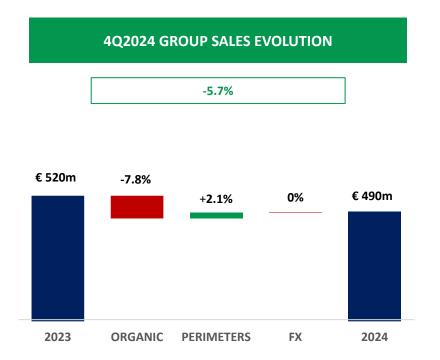
FULL YEAR	
2023	2024
1,634.3	1,407.5
	-13.9%
368.9	279.8 -24.2%
22.5%	-24.2% 19.8%
605.7	670.9 +10.8 %
167.8	176.8
	+5.4%
27.5%	26.2%

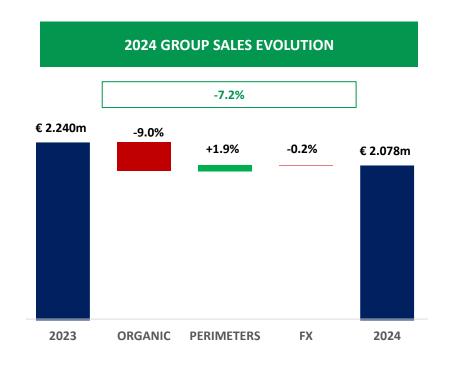


SALES – NORMALISATION VERSUS GROWTH



- 4Q2024: normalisation still affecting Hydraulics
 - Hydraulics: "Earth moving machine" and "Construction" are still stagnating at the bottom, while "Agri" and "Lift" decrease halved
 - Water Jetting: "revenues for projects" and "process pump" best performers
- 2024: Water Jetting strength and acquisitions mitigated Hydraulics weakness
 - Hydraulics: normalisation spread to all products
 - Water Jetting: strong organic growth compounded by acquisitions



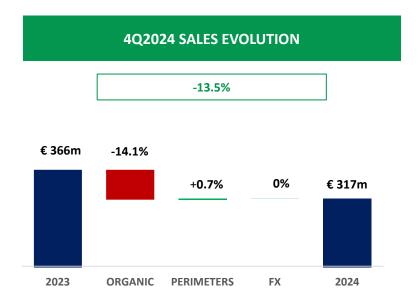


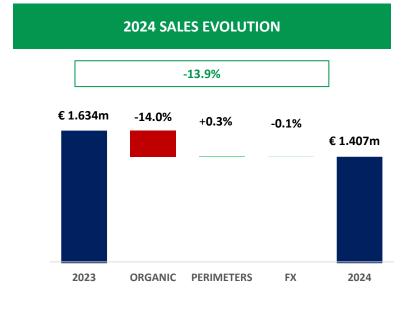


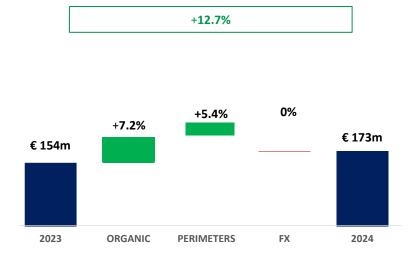
4Q-2024 RESULTS SALES – NORMALISATION VERSUS GROWTH

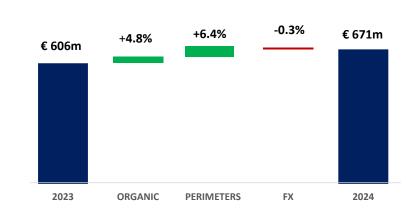


WATER-JETTING



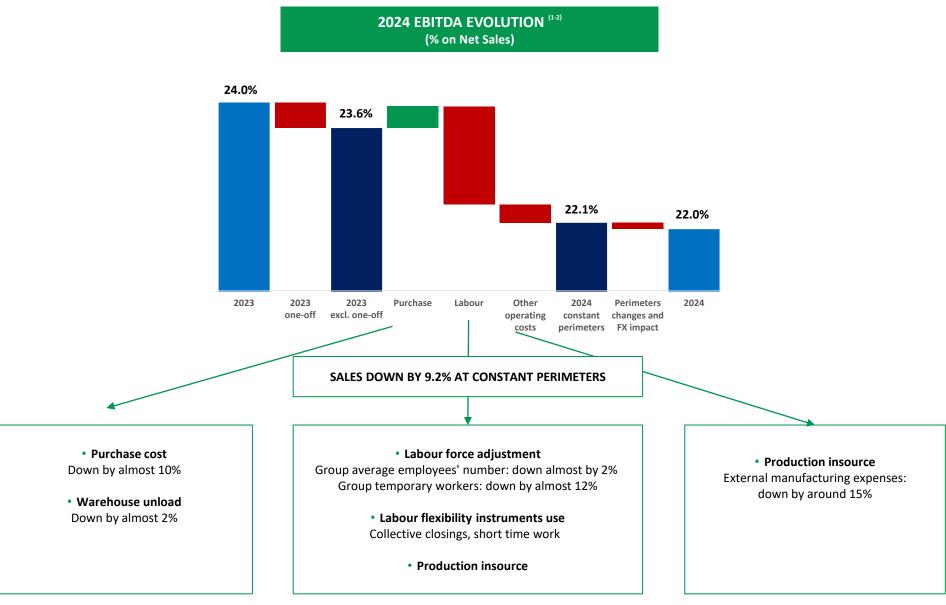






+10.8%

EBITDA – MINIMISING NORMALISATION



⁽¹⁾ Management controlling system data – (2) In the graph "purchase" is net of "inventories changes" and "total other income"



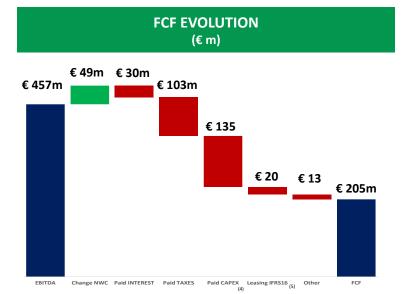
NFP – TOP LEVEL CASH GENERATION



- NFP equal to € 409m compared to € 486m of December 2023⁽¹⁾
- Cash generation at top level: FCF up by almost 40%, to € 205m
 - TWC ⁽²⁾: € 60m of cash generation
 - CAPEX: down almost by 20% to € 135m, delivering the normalisation process
 - Acquisitions: € 92m
 - New companies and put-call options exercise (e.g. Transtecno remaining 20% stake)

NFP EVOLUTION ⁽¹⁾ (€ m)





⁽¹⁾ Excluding € 67.1m and € 82.1m of subsidiaries purchase commitments in 2023 and 2022 - (2) Trade Working Capital = NWC with "Trade Payable" net of CAPEX Trade Payable (3) Principal portion of finance lease installments +/- new leasing contracts arranged +/- remeasurement and early close-out of leasing contracts - (4) "Investment in property, plant & equipment" less "Proceeds from the sales of property, plant & equipment in other intangible assets" - (5) Principal portion of finance lease installments



NFP – TWC – NORMALISATION SLOWED DOWN

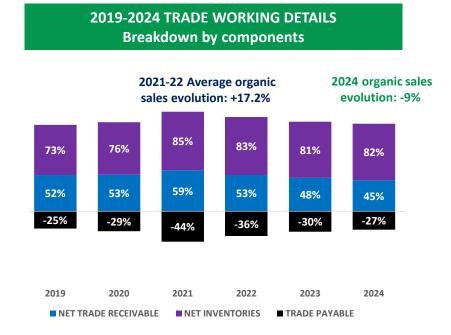


- Normalisation process slowed down by sales drop
 - Trade receivable and payable evolution consistent with sales evolution
 - Inventory lower adjustment
 - More difficult to promptly and consistently follow sales evolution
- Commitment remain the same

(€ m - % on Net Sales) 2021-22 Average organic 2024 organic sales evolution: -9% sales evolution: +17.2% 39.5% 41.3% 38.2% 38.0% 36.8% 36.6% 2019 2020 2021 2022 2023 2024

----% on Net Sales

2019-2024 TRADE WORKING EVOLUTION



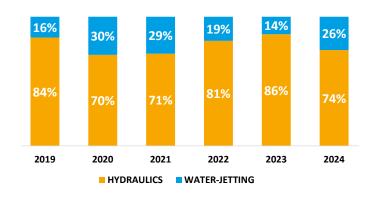


NFP – CAPEX – DELIVERING NORMALISATION

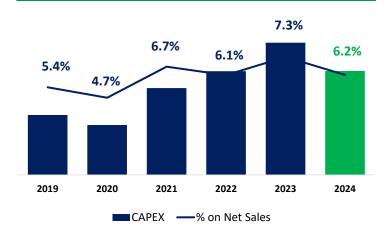


- CAPEX⁽¹⁾ normalisation process ongoing: down by around 20%, from € 165m to € 128m
- Different evolution, different CAPEX approach
 - Hydraulics down according to the final steps of 2021-2023 Post COVID plan
 - Water Jetting increase driven by Hammelmann and Inoxpa
 - Hammelman: follow "process pump" market demand
 - Inoxpa: strength presence in India to improve overall efficiency

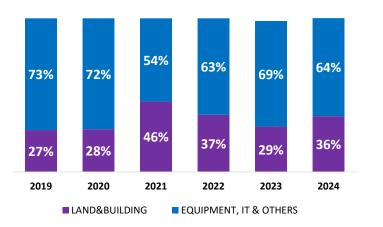








2019-2024 CAPEX BREAKDOWN by CATEGORY (Total amout - % on total CAPEX)



⁽¹⁾ Accounted CAPEX (Increase of fixed assets used in the production process) - (2) Management estimates



NFP – CAPEX – DELIVERING NORMALISATION





- New Interpump Hydraulics headquarter
 - 62,000 sq. metres, a total area increase of around 30%
 - Best environmental standards
- Relocation started at 2024 end
 - New machine delivered, shipping and PTOs assembly departments already transferred
- Transfer ongoing, main target is to protect Operations continuity and minimise inefficiencies



New Machining Centre DMC 100U duoBLOCK for the processing of EFP-1 Engine Flywheel PTO



The rendering and the January wip status of the new headquarters in Sala Bolognese (Italy)





NFP – CAPEX – DELIVERING NORMALISATION



- New Inoxpa India headquarter
 - A total area of 32,000 sq. metres,
 of which 17,500 for the factory and
 4,500 for office space
 - Investment main targets
 - Increase of production capacity
 - Operations centralization
 - Alignment of working environment to Group best practices
 - Strengthen of brand perception
- Relocation done last summer, Operations now fully on track





IExternal facade and factory partial view of new headquarter in Pune

NFP – ACQUISITIONS – PERFECT FIT WITH GROUP STRATEGY

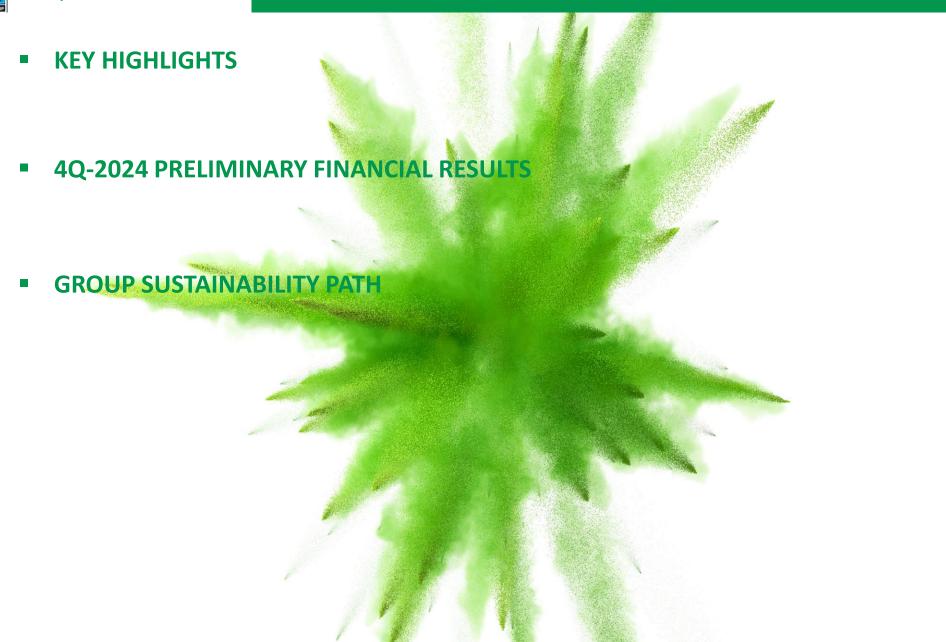


- Acquisitions with a perfect fit with Group growth and diversification strategy
 - Strengthening Group's global network
 - PP China & YRP, "Flow Processing" in China: entry into the plant engineering market and expansion in the components market with the support of a trustworthy management
 - Alltube, "Hose, pipes & fittings» in UK: adding rigid pipe fabrication and manipulation in the region
 - Hidrover, "Cylinders" in Brasil: a product in total synergy with the Group's portfolio
 - Completing Group product catalogue
 - Alfa Valvole, "Pressure pump" in Italy: dosing pump for precision fluid metering and injection applications and ball valves for any fluid control
- Most relevant put-call options exercise
 - 20% of Transtecno to 100% of the total equity
 - 20% Draintech to 100% of the total equity

2024 INTERPUMP GROUP ACQUISITIONS (1)							
		FINANCIAL DATA (2)		IMPLIED			
ACQUIRED COMPANIES		Sales	EBITDA Margin	IMPLIED EV/EBITDA			
9 April	PP CHINA - China YRP FLOW TECNOLOGY - China	€ 10m	10%	2.9x			
22 April	ALLTUBE – U.K.	€5m	15%	1.7x			
3 June	ALFA VALVOLE - Italy	€ 28m	26%	6.1x			
24 October	HIDROVER - Brasil	€ 23m	26%	4.4x			

⁽¹⁾ See please slide 35 for additional details on 2024 acquisitions - (2) 2023 Reported for PPChina & YRP Flow Technology, Alltube and Alfa Valvole and 2024 Forecast for Hidrover







"A falling tree makes more noise than a growing forest" Lao Tzu



- All 2024 ESG Plan actions delivered (1)
 - 2023-2025 ESG Journey: conclusion of "foundation" phase
- Multi annual actions delivery on track
 - S.4 action of 2025 Global Mobility Program anticipated to 2024
- Each action drove Group enhancement
 - CPPA (2): for the first time a coordinated and unitary execution
 - Eco-Design: definition of guidelines which will drive decisions and actions at subsidiaries level
 - Responsible Supply Chain: subsidiary best practice spread to most important Italian entities
- Group corporate functions leading the way
- Clear vision on possible next steps to pursue and enhance Group ESG Journey
 - Already working on 2026-2028 Plan

⁽¹⁾ S. 1 e G.5 actions data will be disclosed in March 2025, after having collected and processed all the data required for the annual financial and non-financial reporting (2) Corporate Purchase Power Agreement



THREE PRIORITIES FOR THREE PILLARS

2023-2025 KEY TARGETS

SUPPORTED GRI and SDG



Definition of Group "Carbon neutrality" strategy

Reduction of Group "Carbon intensity"

Increase of renewed electricity consumption

2023

2025

2025



305-1 and 2 302-1



1 SUSTAINCRECTIES
AMEGINALMIES

I3 CLIMATE

S

Injury rate improvement

ESG supply chain evaluation

ISO 45001 extension

2024

2023 & 2024

2027



403-9 308-1 / 414-1



BAN MARTIN TO SAMILATION 8 ECCENT MOS COMMISSION



G

Establishment of Board ESG Committee

Succession plan formalisation

Tax compliance consolidation

2023

2023

2024



207-1, 2 and 3





4Q-2024 RESULTS

A DELIVERING GROUP

ANALYSIS AND MEASUREMENT



- E.1 Carbon neutrality strategy
- E.4 Circular economy (phase 1)
 - E.7 Product ECO-design
- S.1 Injury rate improvement
- S.5 ESG supply chain evaluation model definition
- S.6 ESG supply chain evaluation model extension
 - G.1 Board ESG Committee
 - G.2 Code of Ethics revision
 - G.3 Succession plan formalisation
 - G.4 Tax Control Framework adoption
 - G.5 GR1 207-4 information updating
 - G.6 Updating on ESG journey

- E.2 Carbon intensity reduction
- S.2 ISO 45001 extension
- E.3 Increase of renewable energy consumption
 - E.5 Circular economy (phase 2)
 - E.6 Water monitoring system
 - S.3 Increase of non-compulsory training
 - S.4 Global mobility program
 - S.7 Diversity&inclusion model definition

ANALYSIS, MEASUREMENT, REVIEW AND FINETUNE



KEY HIGHLIGHTS 4Q-2024 PRELIMINARY FINANCIAL RESULTS **GROUP SUSTAINABILITY PATH OUTLOOK**



2025

SOLID BASES TO FACE THE FUTURE

- 2025 entrance consistent with 2024 trends⁽¹⁾
 - Water Jetting on going strength
 - Hydraulic stagnation at the curve bottom
- 2025 financial expectations
 - Sales: between -5% and +1% on organic basis
 - 2024 perimeter changes impact: around 2% (2)
 - Profitability: to protect of 2024 results
 - Cash flow: to maintain and even to improve 2024 achievement

2021-23 average

2010-2025YTD BACKLOG EVOLUTION (1)
Million €

2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 2021 2022 2023 2024 2025 YTD

2010-19 average

- Working on 2025 commitments
 - Financials commitments: focus on opportunities consistent with both Group diversification and growth strategy and M&A approach
 - ESG commitments: entering and delivering last phase





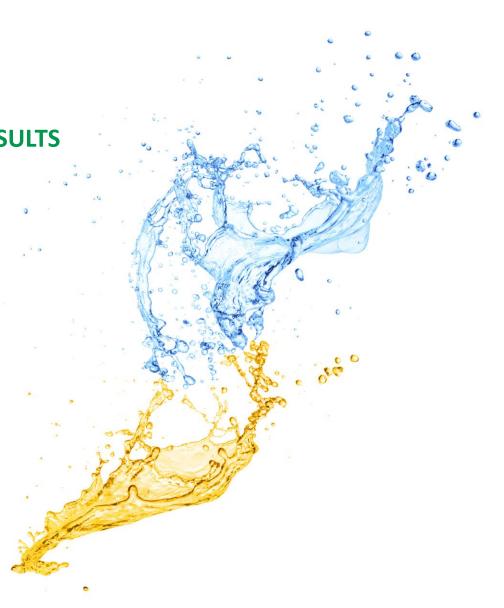
KEY HIGHLIGHTS

4Q-2025 PRELIMINARY FINANCIAL RESULTS

GROUP SUSTAINABILITY PATH

OUTLOOK

ANNEX





DISCLAIMER



⁽¹⁾ Please refers to Group web site for specific documentation on the topic ("2024 ESG Actions Overview", January 2025)







DISCLAIMER





DISCLAIMER – PERFORMANCE INDICATORS

The Group uses several alternative measures that are not identified as accounting parameters in the framework of IFRS standards, to allow better evaluation of the trend of economic operations and the Group's financial position. Such indicators are also tools that assist the directors in identifying operating trends and in making decisions on investments, resource allocation and other business matters. Therefore, the measurement criterion applied by the Group may differ from the criteria adopted by other groups and hence may not be comparable with them. Such alternative performance indicators are constituted exclusively starting from the Group's historical data and measured in compliance with the matters established by the Guidelines on Alternative Performance Measures issued by ESMA/2015/1415 and adopted by Consob with communication no. 92543 of 3 December 2015. These indicators refer only to performance in the period illustrated in this Interim Board of Directors' Report and the comparative periods and not to expected performance and must not be taken to replace the indicators required by the reference accounting standards (IFRS). Finally, the alternative indicators are processed with continuity and using uniform definition and representation for all the periods for which financial information is included in this Interim Board of Directors' Report.

The performance indicators used by the Group are defined as follows:

- Earnings/(Losses) before interest and tax (EBIT): Net sales plus Other operating income less Operating costs (Cost of sales, Distribution costs, General and administrative expenses, and Other operating costs)
- Earnings/(Losses) before interest, tax, depreciation and amortization (EBITDA): EBIT plus depreciation, amortization, writedowns and provisions;
- Net indebtedness (Net financial position): calculated as the sum of Loans obtained and Bank borrowing less Cash and cash equivalents;
- Capital expenditure (CAPEX): the sum of investment in property, plant and equipment and intangible assets, net of divestments;
- Free Cash Flow: the cash flow available for the Group, defined as the difference between the cash flow of operating activities and the cash flow for investments in tangible and intangible fixed assets;
- Capital employed: calculated as the sum of shareholders' equity and net financial position, including debts for the acquisition of equity investments;
- Return on capital employed (ROCE): EBIT / Capital employed;
- Return on equity (ROE): Net profit / Shareholders' equity.

The Group's income statement is prepared by functional area (also called the "cost of sales" method). This form is deemed to be more representative than its "type of expense" counterpart, which is nevertheless included in the notes to the Annual Financial Report. The chosen form, in fact, complies with the internal reporting and business management methods. The cash flow statement was prepared using the indirect method.



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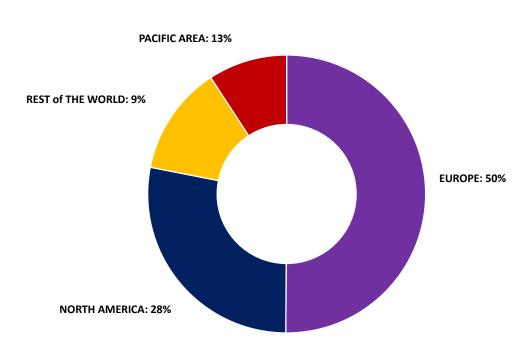
DISCLAIMER

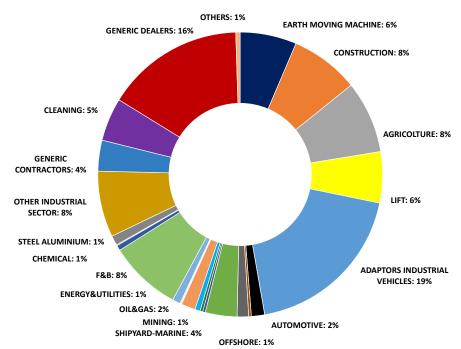




SALES DETAILS — SALES BREAKDOWN (1) — GROUP

GROUP 2024 sales: € 2.078m



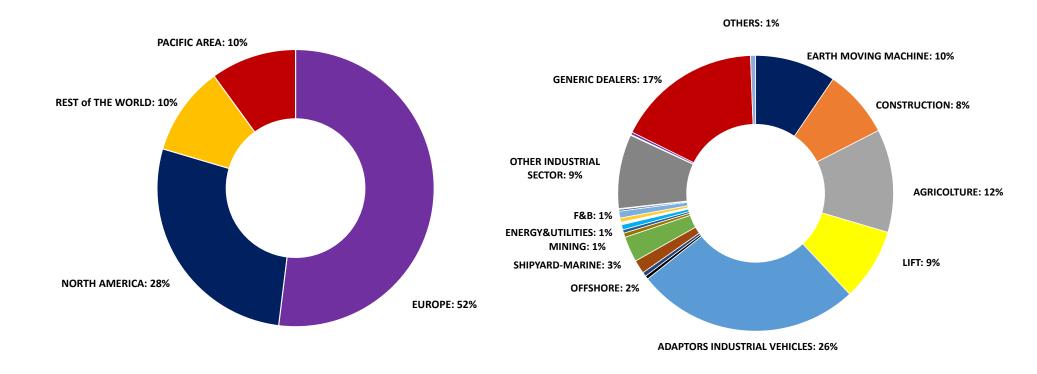


⁽¹⁾ Market application breakdown: incidence below 0.5% not indicated, incidence between 0.5-1% rounded to 1%



SALES DETAILS — SALES BREAKDOWN (1) — HYDRAULIC

HYDRAULICS 2024 sales: € 1.407m

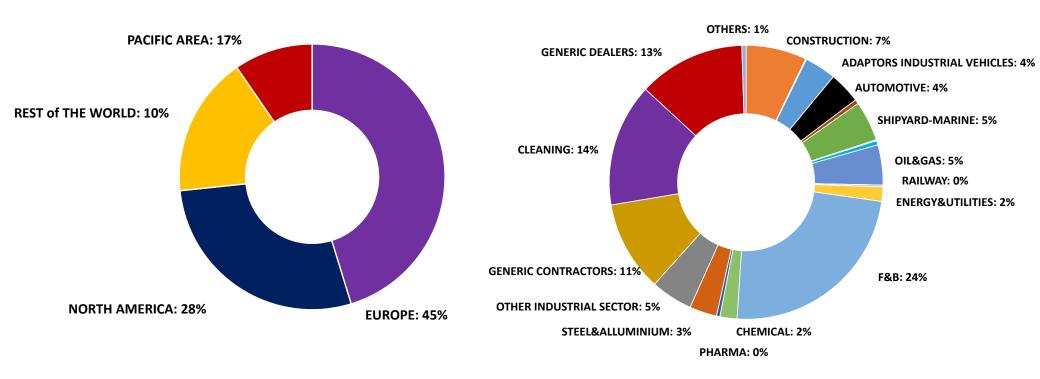


⁽¹⁾ Market application breakdown: incidence below 0.5% not indicated, incidence between 0.5-1% rounded to 1%



SALES DETAILS — SALES BREAKDOWN (1) — WATER JETTING

WATER JETTING 2024 sales: € 671m

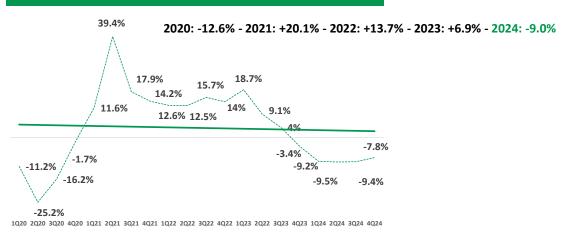


⁽¹⁾ Market application breakdown: incidence below 0.5% not indicated, incidence between 0.5-1% rounded to 1%

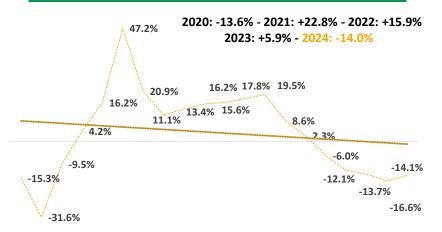


SALES DETAILS – ORGANIC EVOLUTION

GROUP 2020-2024 ORGANIC GROWTH EVOLUTION by QUARTER

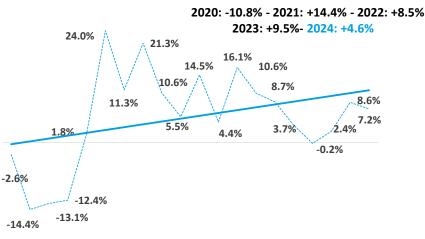


HYDRAULICS 2020-2024 ORGANIC GROWTH EVOLUTION by QUARTER



1Q20 2Q20 3Q20 4Q20 1Q21 2Q21 3Q21 4Q21 1Q22 2Q22 3Q22 4Q22 1Q23 2Q22 3Q23 4Q23 1Q24 2Q24 3Q24 4Q24

WATER-JETTING 2020-2024 ORGANIC GROWTH EVOLUTION by QUARTER



1Q20 2Q20 3Q20 4Q20 1Q21 2Q21 3Q21 4Q21 1Q22 2Q22 3Q22 4Q22 1Q23 2Q22 3Q23 4Q23 1Q24 2Q24 3Q24 4Q24



ACQUISITION DETAILS

2024 INTERPUMP GROUP ACQUISITIONS

ACQUIRED COMPANIES		FINANCIAL DATA (1)			IMPLIED	First consolidation	
		Sales	EBITDA Margin	Additional Information	Total consideration	EV/EBITDA	Group division
9 April	PP CHINA YRP FLOW TECNOLOGY China	€ 10m	10%	-	€ 2.9m	2.9x	April 2024 Water Jetting division
22 April	ALLTUBE U.K.	€ 5m	15%	€ 1m of cash	€ 2.3m	1.7x	May 2024 Hydraulics division
3 June	ALFA VALVOLE Italy	€ 28m	26%	€ 11m of cash	€ 55.2m	6.1x	June 2024 Water Jetting division
24 October	HIDROVER Brasil	€ 23m	26%	€ 3m of cash	€ 17.5m	4.4x	December 2024 Hydraulics division

^{(1) 2023} Reported for PPChina & YRP Flow Technology, Alltube and Alfa Valvole and 2024 Forecast for Hidrover



- **DISCLAIMER**
- **4Q-2023 DETAILS**

2023-2025 ESG JOURNEY - 2024 ACTIONS 14

⁽¹⁾ Please refers to Group web site for specific documentation on the topic ("2024 ESG Actions Overview", January 2025)



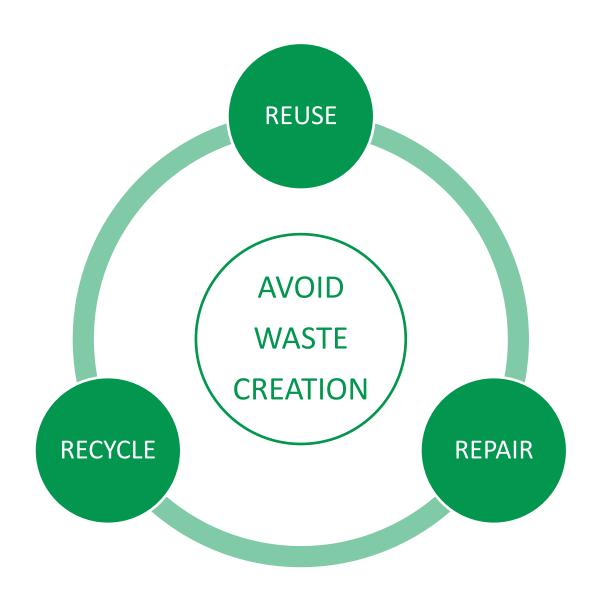
ACTIONS E.2 & E.3 – CORPORATE POWER PURCHASE AGREEMENT

POWER PURCHASE AGREEMENT MAIN FEATURES				
Plant technology	Photovoltaic – New plant			
Plant location	Italy			
PPA typology	Physical sleeved			
Consumption volumes	20GWh ⁽¹⁾			
Contract length	10 years, starting from 1° January 2025			
Price	Fix			
Contract perimeters	5 Italian Group companies IMM, Interpump Group, Interpump Hydraulics, Reggiana Riduttori and Walvoil			
Energy destination	Self-consumption			
Energy provider	Statkraft Markets GmbH			

⁽¹⁾ Equal to around 35% of Italian electricity network withdrawals – 2025 expected data









ACTIONS E.7 – PRODUCT ECO-DESIGN GUIDELINES



CORE PRINCIPLES	GOALS
Efficient material management	 Increased use of renewable energy sources Seeking design solutions to reduce materials used while preserving performance levels Adopt cross-product logics to optimise production and warehousing (especially for intra-group collaborations)
Efficient water management	 Designing products that optimise customers' water consumption Recovery of water for reuse in the production cycle
Efficient energy management	 Streamlining company production processes through updating technical knowledge, processes and plants Optimising consumption for customers
Harmful material use reduction	 Reduction in the use of industrial products & processes with hazardous substances, replacing them instead with less toxic and polluting equivalents
Products useful life extension	 Product design that also incorporates possible end-of-life scenario Sensorisation ("Internet of things"), planned maintenance and customer collaboration
Local supply chain & logistic improvement	 Attention to local suppliers and promotion of collaboration based on proximity Optimisation of internal and external logistics



GLOBAL MOBILITY PROGRAM



4 GOALS

Group strategy implementation

ANNFX

Mobility is a key lever for achieving growth, innovation and competitiveness.

Managers' mobility is designed to support Group presence in key markets, facilitating the transfer of critical skills, meeting local needs of the hosted company.

Group 2023-25 ESG Journey alignment

Mobility promotes greater diversity, equity, and inclusion within the organization. It fosters cultural exchange and global collaboration, helping to create a more sustainable and responsible work environment.

Professional growth fast track

Mobility accelerates professional growth, acting as a catalyst for career advancement.

It enhances skills development and fast-tracks the achievement of key career milestones, offering diverse experiences and exposure to different roles and environments.

Value creation

Mobility is key tool for driving growth by enabling strategic allocation of talent and expertise where needed.

Deploying skilled employees in strategic roles directly contributes to operational efficiency, increasing productivity and supporting the implementation of new projects.



ACTION S.6 – RESPONSABLE SUPPLY CHAIN

- Approach: leverage on existing best practices at subsidiaries level
- Methodology: internally performed activities
 - Harmonise business model variety between and inside divisions
 - Overcome decentralised organisation at operational level
 - Consider the relatively small and streamlined structure of Group suppliers
- Principles: concreteness and applicability
 - Analysis of questionnaire received from Group's customers
 - Benchmark with industry sectors best practices
 - Brainstorming with internal functions (e.g. Procurement, "Internal Audit, Risk & Compliance")
- Goal: development of a methodology which overcomes both Group variety and decentralisation and suppliers' features
 - Solid foundation for future next steps (e.g. sample enlargement, audit activities)

ACTION S.6 – RESPONSABLE SUPPLY CHAIN

- Focus: "Cost of sales", the most important cost item of P&L
 - 4 most important cost items
 - Purchase of raw materials, semi-finished products, finished products
 - External manufacturing costs
 - Consumable tools
 - Consumables
- Sample: all Italian manufacturing companies
 - 18 companies
 - Among most important Group subsidiaries: IMM, Interpump Group⁽¹⁾, Interpump Hydraulics, Reggiana Riduttori, Transtecno and Walvoil
- Coverage: at least 50% of "Cost of sales" sample

ACTION G.4 – TAX COMPLIANCE CONSOLIDATION





EXTERNAL REGULATORY FRAMEWORK

2013 & 2016 OCSE Guidelines (1) - D. Lgs. 128/2015 (2)



TAX CONTROL FRAMEWORK

TAX STRATEGY Goals – Principles – Guidelines - Application

TAX COMPLIANCE MODEL

ACTION G.4 – TAX COMPLIANCE CONSOLIDATION – TCF

TAX CONTROL FRAMEWORK

Detect, measure, manage and control the tax risk



4 GOALS

Tax culture spread

Sustainable development and Group asset integrity

Tax regulations application consistency and reliability and litigation prevention

Tax and reputational risk minimization

4 PILLARS

Internal regulatory instruments

Role & Responsibilities

Processes

Information flows & Reporting

G.6 UPDATING ON ESG JOURNEY

- Improvement of communication transparency
 - 360° approach, not only ESG topics
- 2023-25 ESG Journey
 - Quarterly updating
 - Ad hoc presentations
 - «Tax Compliance Consolidation», 14 November 2024
 - «Corporate Purchase Power Agreement», 21 November 2024
 - «Eco-Design Guidelines for Group Products», 20 December 2024
 - «Responsable Supply Chain», 13 January 2025
 - «ESG 2024 Activities», January 2025
- Governance topics
 - Ad hoc presentations
 - 2023 Remuneration Policy, April 2024
 - «Approach to Governance & Sustainability», June 2024











WEBRANKING HIGHLIGHTS 2024-25

Tutta l'Europa punta a una comunicazione più trasparente, con medie complessive in crescita. Risultati polarizzati per l'Italia: cinque aziende brillano nella top 10, ma undici si posizionano nelle ultime cento.

Per Il quarto anno consecutivo, le aziende italiane dominano il podio del Webrankino Europe 500, con Terna, Poste Italiane e Snam nelle prime tre posizioni, seguite da Eni al guarto posto e Generali al guinto.

L'Italia si distingue con un punteggio medio di 53,7, registrando un lieve miglioramento di 0.1 rispetto al 53.6 dell'anno scorso. Questo risultato, superiore alla media europea di 48.4, colloca l'Italia al terzo posto tra i Paesi. europei, preceduta solo da Finlandia e Svezia. Ben sette aziende italiane compaiono nella Top 20 europea, cinque delle quali occupano le prime sei posizioni.

AZIENDE ITALIANE INCLUSE

PERFORMANCE PAESI EU*						
POSIZIONE	PAESE	AZIENDE	MEDIA	POSIZIONE		
1	Finlandia	16	70,6	←		
2	Svezla	42	53,9	←		

POSIZIONE	PAESE	AZIENDE	MEDIA	POSIZIONE
1	Finlandia	16	70,6	←
2	Svezla	42	53,9	←
3	Italia	29	53,7	←
4	Austria	6	52,6	Φ.
5	Germania	58	52,5	4
6	Spagna	18	51,2	←
7	Svizzera	45	49,7	←
8	Norvegla	14	48,0	←
9	Regno Unito	109	47,5	1
10	Danimarca	18	45,7	₩
11	Olanda	25	44,0	4
12	Francia	65	43,0	1
13	Irlanda	9	41,8	1
14	Belgio	14	40,6	
15	Polonia	9	35,5	←
16	Turchia	6	33,6	←
17	Grecia	6	32,7	+

TOP 10 EUROPEA				
POSIZIONE	AZIENDA	PAESE	PUNTEGGIO	
1	Terna	(1)	95,3	
2	Poste Italiane	(3)	94,1	
3	Snam	(1)	93,8	
4	Eni	(1)	92,7	
5	Sandvik		87,8	
6	Generali	(1)	85,3	
7	Valmet	40	84,8	
8	Givaudan	13	84,3	
9	Wärtsilä	44	84	
10	Kesko	-	82,2	

Mediobanca e Intesa Sanpaolo si affermano al

vertici del settore "Banks & Financial Services".

mentre Amplifon guida il settore "Healthcare."

Nonostante i successi. Il panorama Italiano rimane

disomogeneo: oltre un terzo delle aziende si trova

posti è serrata, con aziende di Svezia, Svizzera e

guadagnando 254 posizioni (+18,2 punti). Tra le

(+9,5 punti), seguita da Poste Italiane (+6,9).

Italiane, Interpump registra la crescita più marcata

tedesca, si distingue come "Best Improver".

nelle ultime 100 posizioni. La competizione per i primi

Finlandia in evidenza. Vonovia, la società immobiliare

BEST IMPROVER EU VONOVIA +18 2; WDP +15,4; IMI +14,9

BEST IMPROVER IT

INTERPUMP +9,5; POSTE ITALIANE +6,9;

*aono state considerate per questa classifica i paesi europei con più di 4 aziende incluse n Edizione italiana a cura di Lundquist Webranking by Comprend

09-DIC-2024 da pag. 37/ foglio 1/2 L'Economia

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COMUNICAZIONE

TERNA, POSTE E SNAM **REGINE D'EUROPA**

È tutto italiano il podio delle società che offrono l'informazione online

più trasparente. Lo dice l'indagine di Lundquist-Comprend, che analizza le 500 principali quotate del Continente. Ora una nuova

prova: differenziarsi nel mare magnum delle rendicontazioni Esg

A completare la top 10 anche Eni e Generali. Ma non siamo il Paese più virtuoso in assoluto: davanti a noi ci sono Finlandia e Svezia di ANDREA BONAFEDE

e aziende italiane si confermano al vertice della trasparenza ■ nella comunicazione digitale. A stabilirlo è la Webraking 2024-2025, l'indagine — giunta alla 28esima edizione - realizzata da Lundquist, in collaborazione con la società svedese Comprend, che valuta il livello di trasparenza dell'informazione societaria online delle 500 principali imprese quotate europee. Le prime quattro posizioni sono infatti occupate da aziende italiane: si tratta di Terna (95,3, il punteggio massimo è 100), Poste Italiane (94,1), Snam (93,8) ed Eni (92,7). E se si aggiunge il sesto posto di Generali (85,3), metà della top 10 è composta da società del nostro Paese. Inoltre, Mediobanca e Intesa Sannaolo si affermano ai vertici del settore «Banks & Financial Services», mentre Amplifon guida il settore «Healthcare». Tra le società italiane che si sono migliorate di più figurano <u>interpump</u> (+9,5%), Poste Italiane (+6,9%) e Nexi

L'Italia si distingue con un punteggio medio di 53.7, superiore alla media europea di 48,4, posizionandosi però «solo» terza tra l Paesi del Continente, dietro Finlandia e Svezia, Se da un lato, infatti, le primissime po-

sizioni siano occupate da imprese del nostro Paese, dall'altro ben 11 società si trovano nelle ultime 100 posizioni. «Questo succede perché, a differenza della Finlandia o della Svezia che hanno risultati più omogenei, la cultura della trasparenza non è così diffusa a livello di Paese, ma è più caratteristica di alcune singole grandi aziende», spiega Joakim Lundquist, ceo di Lundquist e responsabile di Webranking.

La fotografia

Secondo l'indagine, le aziende ita-Hane st distinguono in Europa per l'efficacia nella comunicazione verso i candidati e i dipendenti, e nell'ambito della sostenibilità. Mentre tra la sezione in cui le società del Vecchio Continente, non solo quelle italiane, mostrano i risultati peggiori è quella relativa agli «Investor Relators»: le aziende infatti faticano a mettere in evidenza le informazioni più rilevanti e a offrirne una lettura completa, dalla strategia all'investment case, dall'outlook finanziario al profilo del debito. La comunicazione resta, infatti, ancorata a report e presentazioni per analisti, i cui contenuti non vengono veicolati all'interno del sito corporate: solo il 47% delle società incluse presenta un investment case, fondamentale per il mercato, mentre solo il 32% presenta objettivi finanziari concretamente misurabili

Tra i settori, a spiceare per virtuosi tà è il «Basic Resources» --- con un punteggio di 57.7 la media europea è 48,4 —, malgrado nessuna delle sue

aziende figuri nella top 20 Europe Seguono «Energia» (che avanza dalla quarta posizione alla seconda) e «Telecomunicazioni». A far registrare i punteggi complessivi più bassi sono i comparti di «Retail», «Vlaggi», «Media» e «Real Estate».

L'indagine mette inoltre evidenza i

grandi cambiamenti a cui sta andandale. A partire dal fattore sostenibilità. La Direttiva Csrd dell'Unione europea, infatti, estenderà - dai bilanci del 2024 - l'obbligo di rendicontazione Esg a una vasta platea di aziende, spingendole verso una trattazione sempre più tecnica e omogenea, in questo contesto. Il ruolo di una comunicazione credibile, distintiva e rivolta a tutti gli stakeholder diventa una leva competitiva per qualsiasi azienda. «La "compliance" rischia di standardizzare la comunicazione della trasparenza - sostiene Lundquist -.. Le imprese devono differenziarsi dalla concorrenza, ma per riuscirci dovranno pensare a una comunicazione strategica. In questo senso, tutti i "touchpoint" digitali possono riaffermarsi come stru-



The Manager in charge of preparing the company's financial reports declares - pursuant to paragraph 2 of Article 154-bis of the Consolidated Law on Finance - that the accounting information contained in this presentation corresponds to the document results, books and accounting records.

